

General Description

The MAX4434/MAX4435 single and MAX4436/MAX4437 dual operational amplifiers feature wide bandwidth, 16bit settling time in 23ns, and low-noise/low-distortion operation. The MAX4434/MAX4436 are compensated for unity-gain stability and have a small-signal -3dB bandwidth of 150MHz. The MAX4435/MAX4437 are compensated for closed-loop gains of +5 or greater and have a small-signal, -3dB bandwidth of 150MHz.

The MAX4434-MAX4437 op amps require only 15mA of supply current per amplifier while achieving 115dB open-loop gain. Voltage noise density is a low 2.2nV/\Hz and provides 97dB spurious-free dynamic range (SFDR) at 1MHz. These characteristics make these op amps ideal for driving modern, high-speed 14- and 16-bit analog-to-digital converters (ADCs).

These high-speed op amps feature wide-output voltage swings and a high-current output drive up to 65mA. Using a voltage feedback architecture, the MAX4434-MAX4437 meet the requirements of many applications that previously depended on current feedback amplifiers.

The MAX4434/MAX4435 are available in space-saving 5-pin SOT23 packages and the MAX4436/MAX4437 are available in 8-pin µMAX packages.

Applications

High-Speed 14- and 16-Bit ADC Preamplifiers Low-Noise Preamplifiers IF/RF Amplifiers Low-Distortion Active Filters High-Performance Receivers Precision Instrumentation

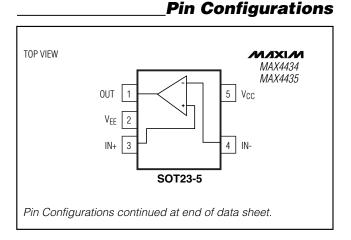
Features

- ♦ 16-Bit Accurate Settling in 23ns (MAX4435/MAX4437)
- ♦ 97dB SFDR at 1MHz, 4Vp-p Output
- ♦ 2.2nV/√Hz Input Voltage Noise Density
- ♦ 100dB (min) Open-Loop Gain
- ♦ 388V/µs Slew Rate (MAX4435/MAX4437)
- ♦ 65mA High Output Drive
- Available in Space-Saving Packages 5-Pin SOT23 (MAX4434/MAX4435) 8-Pin µMAX (MAX4436/MAX4437)

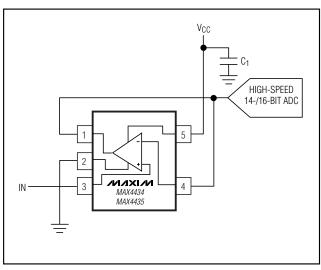
Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX4434EUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX4434ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX4435EUK-T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SOT23-5
MAX4435ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX4436EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX4436ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX4437EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX4437ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.



Typical Operating Circuit



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (VCC - VEE)	+6V
Differential Input Voltage	+2V
Input Voltage Range(V _{CC} + 0.3V) to (V _{EE}	- 0.3V)
Current into Any Input Pin	25mA
Output Short-Circuit Duration to VCC or VEE(N	Note 1)
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
5-Pin SOT23 (derate 7.1mW/°C above +70°C)5	71mW

8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C	C)471mW
8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.5mW/°C above +70	°C)330mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Note 1: The MAX4434-MAX4437 are not protected for output short-circuit conditions.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, R_L = ∞ to V_{CC}/2, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONE	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	Guaranteed by CMRR test		VEE		V _{CC} - 1	V		
Input Offset Voltage	Vos				1	3.5	mV		
Input Offset Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TCV _{OS}				4		μV/°C		
Input Offset Voltage Matching		MAX4436/MA>	<4437		0.25		mV		
Input Bias Current	IB				14	22	μΑ		
Input Offset Current	los				1	5	μΑ		
Innut Decistores	D	Differential Mo -10mV ≤ V _{IN} ≤			1		kΩ		
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	Common Mode 0 ≤ V _{CM} ≤ (V _{CC} - 1V)			1.7		ΜΩ		
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{EE} ≤ V _{CM} ≤ (V _{CC} - 1V)		75	100		dB		
		$(V_{EE} + 0.25) \le V_{OUT} \le (V_{CC} - 0.25), R_L = 10k\Omega$		100	115		15		
Open-Loop Gain	Avol	$(V_{EE} + 0.5) \le V_{OUT} \le (V_{CC} - 0.5), R_L = 500\Omega$		96	110		dB		
Outrot Valle as Outro	1 .,	D 101-0	V _{CC} - V _{OH}		65	200	>/		
Output Voltage Swing	Vout	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	HL = 10K73	$DUT \qquad HL = 1UK\Omega$	V _{OL} - V _{EE}		15	70	mV
Output Current	lour.	$R_L = 20\Omega$ to	Sinking	40	65		m ^		
Output Current	lout	Ground	Sourcing	35	60		mA		
Output Short-Circuit Current	I _{SC}	Sinking or sourcing			±70		mA		
DC Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _{CC} = +4.5V to +5.5V		85	110		dB		
Operating Supply Voltage	Vs	Guaranteed by PSRR test		+4.5		+5.5	V		
Quiescent Supply Current (Per Amplifier)	Is				15	18	mA		

Note 2: All devices are 100% production tested at +25°C. Specifications over temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2, R_L = 500\Omega, A_{VCL} = +1, and T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Small-Signal -3dB	BWss	V _{OUT} = 20mVp-p MAX4434/MAX4436	150		MHz	
Bandwidth	PAASS	V _{OUT} = 20mVp-p MAX4435/MAX4437 (A _{VCL} = +5)	150			
Large-Signal -3dB	BWLS	V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p MAX4434/MAX4436	28		MLI	
Bandwidth	DVVLS	V _{OUT} = 4Vp-p MAX4435/MAX4437 (A _{VCL} = +5)	25		MHz	
Small-Signal 0.1dB	DW	V _{OUT} = 20mVp-p MAX4434/MAX4436	80		NAL I-	
Gain Flatness	BW _{0.1dBSS}	V _{OUT} = 20mVp-p MAX4435/MAX4437 (A _{VCL} = +5)	80		MHz	
Large-Signal 0.1dB	DW	V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p MAX4434/MAX4436	15			
Gain Flatness	BW _{0.1dBLS}	V _{OUT} = 4Vp-p MAX4435/MAX4437 (A _{VCL} = +5)			MHz	
Olavy Data	SR	V _{OUT} = 2V step MAX4434/MAX4436	133		V/µs	
Slew Rate		V _{OUT} = 4V step MAX4435/MAX4437 (A _{VCL} = +5)	388	388		
		V _{OUT} = 2V step MAX4434/MAX4436	17			
Rise/Fall Time t _R , t _F		V _{OUT} = 4V step MAX4435/MAX4437 (A _{VCL} = +5)	10	0 ns		
Settling Time to 16-Bit (0.0015%)		V _{OUT} = 1.5V to 3.5V step MAX4434/MAX4436	35			
	ts 0.0015%	V _{OUT} = 1.5V to 3.5V step MAX4435/MAX4437 (A _{VCL} = +5)	23		ns	
		V _{OUT} = 1V to 4V step MAX4434/MAX4436	42			
Output "Glitch" Settling to 16-Bit (0.0015%)		5pF load, C _L charged from 1V to 4V 41		ns		
Output Overload Recovery Time		50% overdrive, settling to 10% accuracy 100		ns		
AC Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	f _C = 100kHz -92		dB		

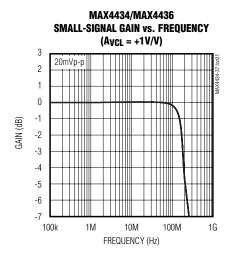
AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

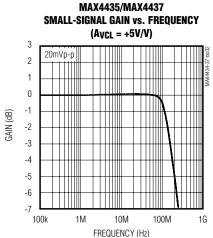
 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, V_{CM} = V_{CC}/2, R_L = 500\Omega, A_{VCL} = +1, and T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

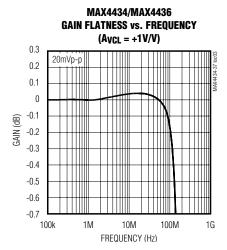
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
AC Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	f _C = 100kHz			-101		dB
		V _{OUT} = 2Vp-p	$f_C = 100kHz$		-97		
		centered at V _{CC} /2	$f_C = 1MHz$		-98		
Spurious-Free Dynamic	SFDR	V _{OUT} = 3Vp-p	$f_C = 100kHz$		-130		dBc
Range	SEDR	centered at V _{CC} /2	$f_C = 1MHz$		-99		UDC
		V _{OUT} = 4Vp-p	$f_C = 100kHz$		-112		
		centered at V _{CC} /2	$f_C = 1MHz$		-97		
Input Noise Voltage Density	en	$f_C = 100kHz$			2.2		nV/√ Hz
Input Noise Current Density	in	$f_C = 100kHz$			2.0		pA/√ Hz
Input Capacitance	CIN				2.3		pF
Maximum Capacitive Load Without Sustained Oscillations					30		pF
Output Impedance	Z _{OUT}	$f_C = 1MHz$			0.05		Ω
Crosstalk		f _C = 1MHz, MAX4436/MAX4437			-80		dB

Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, R_L = 500\Omega, C_L = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

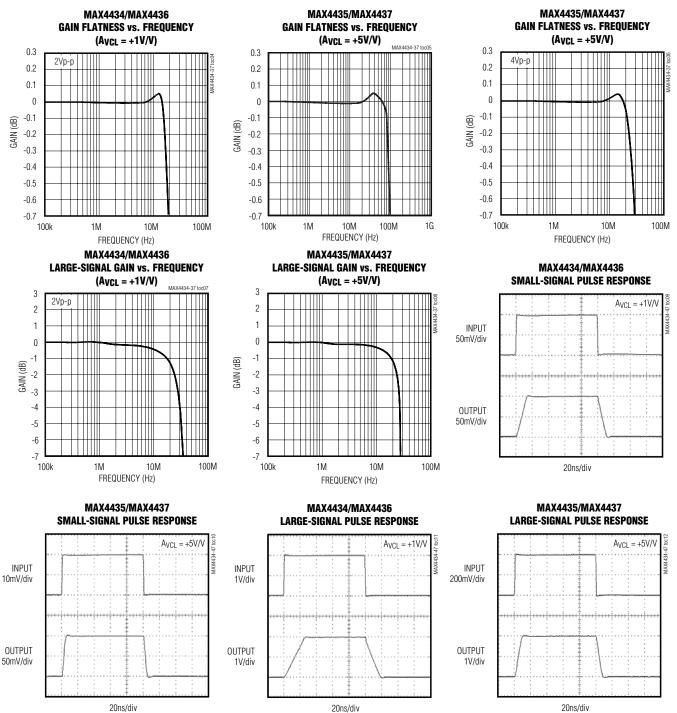






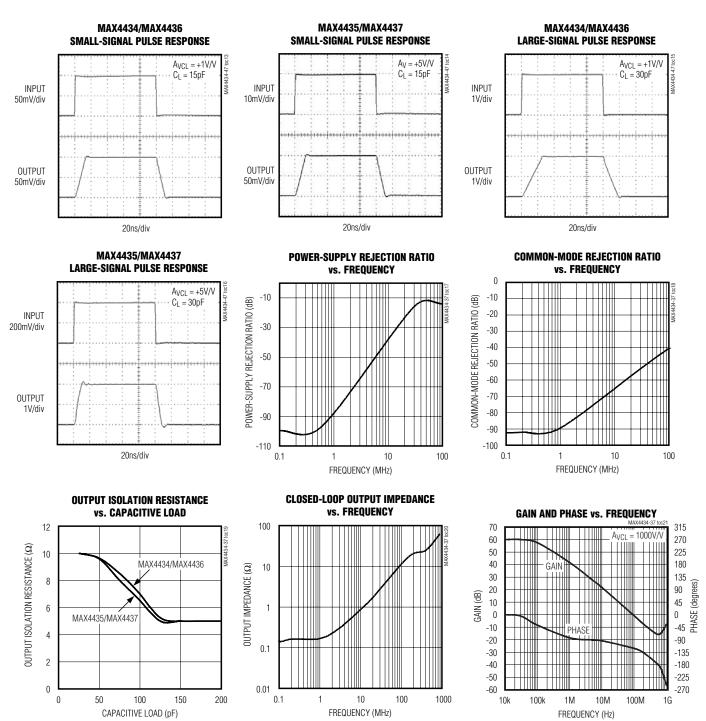
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, R_L = 500\Omega, C_L = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



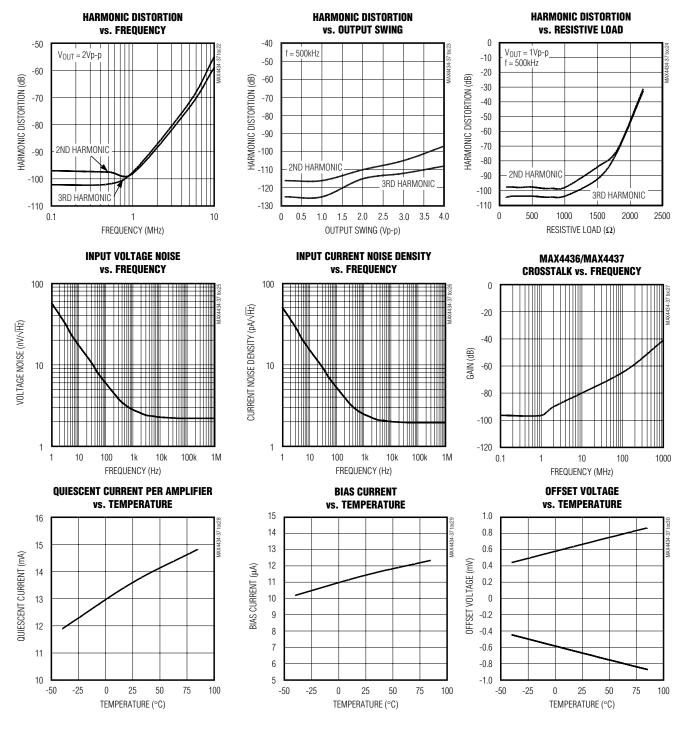
_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, R_L = 500Ω , C_L = 0, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



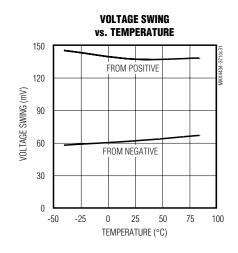
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

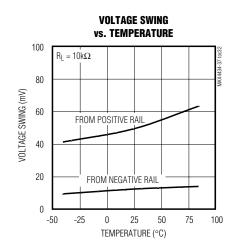
(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, R_L = 500Ω , C_L = 0, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +5V, V_{EE} = 0, R_L = 500\Omega, C_L = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$





Pin Description

	PIN			
MAX4434/MAX4435		NAME	FUNCTION	
SOT23	so			
1	6	OUT	Output	
2	4	V _{EE}	Ground	
3	3	IN+	Noninverting Input	
4	2	IN-	Inverting Input	
5	7	Vcc	Positive Power Supply	
_	1, 5, 8	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.	

PIN			
MAX4436/MAX4437	NAME	FUNCTION	
SO/µMAX			
1	OUTA	Amplifier A Output	
2	INA-	Amplifier A Inverting Input	
3	INA+	Amplifier A Noninverting Input	
4	VEE	Ground	
5	INB+	Amplifier A Noninverting Input	
6	INB-	Amplifier A Inverting Input	
7	OUTB	Amplifier A Output	
8	Vcc	Positive Power Supply	

Detailed Description

The MAX4434–MAX4437 are wide-bandwidth, ultra-low-distortion, voltage-feedback amplifiers. The MAX4434/MAX4436 are internally compensated for unity gain. The MAX4435/MAX4437 are internally compensated for gains of +5V/V or greater.

These amplifiers have ultra-fast 35ns (MAX4434/MAX4436) 16-bit settling times, -97dB SFDR at 1MHz, and 4Vp-p output swing with minimum 115dB openloop gain.

High-Speed ADC Input Driver Application

The MAX4434–MAX4437 op amps are ideal for driving high-speed 14- to 16-bit ADCs. In most cases, these ADCs operate with a charge balance scheme, with capacitive loads internally switched on and off from the input. The driver used must withstand these changing capacitive loads while holding the signal amplitude stability consistent with the ADC's resolution and, at the same time, have a frequency response compatible with the sampling speed of the ADC (Figure 1).

Inverting and Noninverting Configurations

The circuits typically used for the inverting and non-inverting configurations of the MAX4434–MAX4437 are shown in Figures 2a and 2b. The minimum unconditionally stable gain values are 1 for the MAX4434/MAX4436

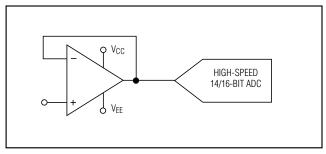


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

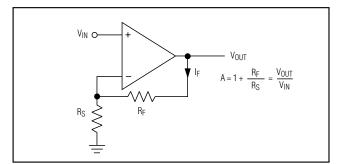


Figure 2a. Noninverting Configuration

and 5 for the MAX4435/MAX4437. Use care in selecting the value for the resistor marked Rs in both circuits. From dynamic stability considerations (based on the part's frequency response and the input capacitance of the MAX4434–MAX4437), the maximum recommended value for Rs is 500Ω . In general, lower Rs values will yield a higher bandwidth and better dynamic stability, at the cost of higher power consumption, higher power dissipation in the IC, and reduced output drive availability. For a minimum Rs value, take into consideration that the current indicated as IF is supplied by the output stage and must be discounted from the maximum output current to calculate the maximum current available to the load. IF can be found using the following equation:

If DC thermal stability is an important design concern, the Thevenin resistance seen by both inputs at DC must be balanced. This includes the resistance of the signal source and termination resistors if the amplifier signal input is fed from a transmission line. The capacitance associated with the feedback resistors must also be considered as a possible limitation to the available bandwidth or to the dynamic stability. Only resistors with small parallel capacitance specifications should be considered.

Applications Information

Layout and Power-Supply Bypassing

The MAX4434–MAX4437 have wide bandwidth and consequently require careful board layout. To realize the full AC performance of these high-speed amplifiers, pay careful attention to power-supply bypassing and board layout. The PC board should have a large low-impedance ground plane that is as free of voids as possible. Do not use commercial breadboards. Keep signal lines as short and straight as possible. Observe high-frequency bypassing techniques to maintain the amplifier's accuracy and stability. In general, use sur-

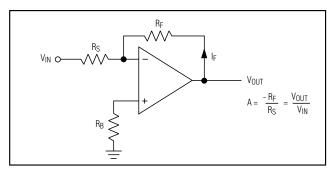


Figure 2b. Inverting Configuration

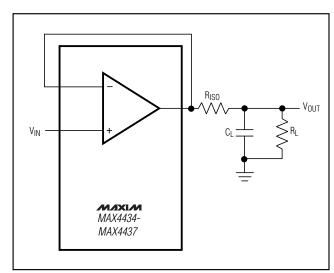


Figure 3. Capacitive-Load Driving Circuit

face-mount components since they have shorter bodies and lower parasitic reactance. This will result in improved performance over through-hole components. The bypass capacitors should include 1nF and/or 0.1µF surface-mount ceramic capacitors between V_{CC} and the ground plane, located as close to the package as possible. Place a 10µF tantalum capacitor at the power supply's point of entry to the PC board to ensure the integrity of the incoming supplies. Input termination resistors and output back-termination resistors, if used, should be surface-mount types and should be placed as close to the IC pins as possible.

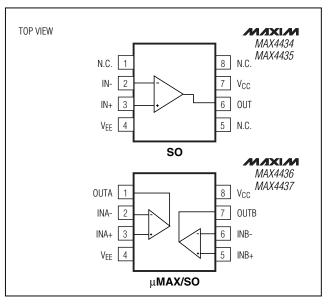
Driving Capacitive Loads

The MAX4434–MAX4437 can drive capacitive loads. However, excessive capacitive loads may cause ringing or instability at the output as phase margin is reduced. Adding a small isolation resistor in series with the output capacitive load helps reduce the ringing but slightly increases gain error (see *Typical Operating Characteristics* and Figure 3).

Selector Guide

PART	AMPS	MIN GAIN STABLE (V/V)	BW (MHz)	SETTLING TIME TO 0.0015% (ns)
MAX4434	1	+1	150	35
MAX4435	1	+5	150	23
MAX4436	2	+1	150	35
MAX4437	2	+5	150	23

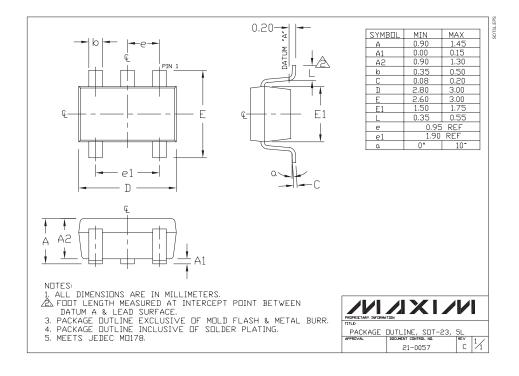
Pin Configurations (continued)

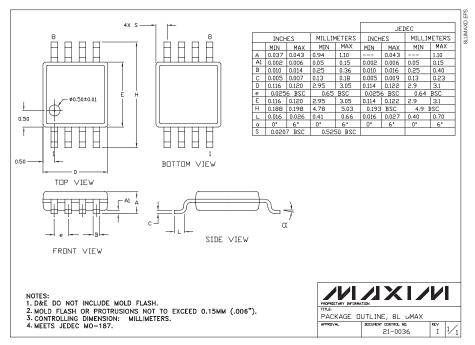


Chip Information

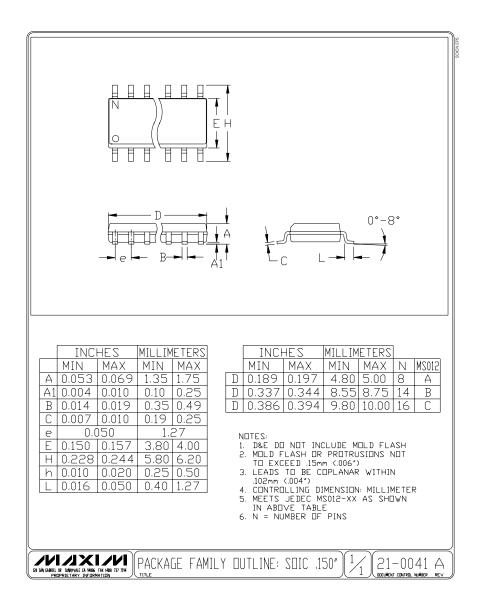
MAX4434/MAX4435 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 141 MAX4436/MAX4437 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 318

Package Information





Package Information (continued)



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

12 ______Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600